Examination for Third Year Malaysian Students
Course Title: Medical Parasitology
Date: 12-9-2015
Term: Final Examination
Time Allowed: 3 hours
Total Assessment Marks: 75 MARKS
The following questions must be answered: (Draw Marks whenever possible):

10marks

whenever possible):

1) Write short notes on:

1) Direct laboratory diagnosis of schistosomiasis japonicum.

2) Clinical aspects of ascariasis.

3) Complications of amoebiasis.

II- Complete the following statements:

5 marks

1- The 1st intermediate host for Opisthorchis felineus is (.....(1).....)

while that for Clonorchis sinensis is (.....(2).....).

2- The infective stage of Leishmania dononvani is (......(3).......)

while that of Trypanosoma rhodesiense is (......(4).......).

3- One of the diseases transmitted by lice is (.....(5)........) while that transmitted by Culex is (.......(6)........).

5- Cutaneous larva migrans is caused by (......(9).....or10.....).

Chairman of Department Prof.Dr.

TURN OVER THE PAGE

III)	Give the reason(s) of:	10marks
1)	Repeated treatment after two weeks is recommended in hymenolep	oiasis <i>nana</i> .
2)	IgG avidity test may be an essential for the diagnosis of toxoplasmo	osis.
3)	Chyluria in Wuchereria bancrofti infection.	
IV)	Mention only two parasites that:	5 marks
	1) Can be treated by ivermectin.	
	2) Can be demonstrated by muscle biopsy.	
	3) Can be detected in urine sample.	
	4) Can cause malabsorption syndrome	
	5) May cause megaloblastic anaemia.	
V)	Mention one of the parasitological uses of the following:	5 marks
	1) Mercurial ointment.	
	2) Nitazoxinide.	
	3) Baermann's technique.	
	4) Animal inoculation.	
	5) Crotamiton 10%.	
VI)	Draw labeled diagrams for the following:	15 marks
	1) The erythrocytic stages of <i>Plasmodium vivax</i> .	
	2) The diagnostic stage (s) of :-	
	a) Capillaria philippinensis	
	b) Fasciolopsis buski	
	a) The infective stage (s) of:- a) Strongyloides stercoralis.	
	b) Trichomonas vaginalis.	
	~,	

TURN OVER THE PAGE

Chairman of Department

Prof.Dr.

Examination for Third Year Malaysian Students

Course Title: Medical Parasitology

Date: 12-9-2015

Term: Final Examination Time Allowed: 3 hours

Total Assessment Marks: 75 MARKS

Tanta University
Faculty of Medicine
Department of Parasitology

VII) <u>Case(1)</u>

7.5 marks

A 31-year-old male tourist, from Russia, was brought to the out clinic by his friends with a seizure. Neurological examination demonstrated meningitis and focal neurological deficits. Blood examination revealed eosinophilia. A CT scan of the brain showed multiple small cystic and calcified lesions.

- a) What are the suspected parasitic disease and the causative adult parasite?
- b) Discuss the different modes of infection?
- c) What are other organs that may be involved?
- d) Enumerate other three parasites that may affect the brain?

VIII) <u>Case</u> (2)

7.5 marks

A 36-years-old male patient presented to the Dermatology Clinic with an ulcer on his face. The ulcer had sharp cut edges, raised indurated margin and scanty exudate. The lesion began several months ago as a localized nodule after returning from a camping trip in the oriental desert.

- a) What are the suspected parasitic disease and the causative parasite?
- b) Discuss the different modes of infection?
- c) How can you confirm the diagnosis by a direct laboratory method?
- d) Enumerate other three parasites that may cause skin nodule?

TURN OVER THE PAGE

Chairman of Department Prof.Dr.

1- (Chiggers' disease is caused by the a	adult of the following:-				
	a) Trombicula akamushi.	b) <i>Demodex folliculorum</i> .				
	c) Tunga penetrans.	d) Osterus.				
2- T	2- The snail intermediate host for <i>Paragonimus westermani</i> is :					
	a) Bulimus.	b) Segmentina snail.				
	c) Parafossarulus.	d) Semisulcospira spp.				
	, -					
3- G	enito-uinary myiasis is caused by t					
	a) <i>Fannia.</i>	b) <i>Musca.</i>				
	c) Hypoderma.	d) <i>Wohlfahrtia</i> .				
4- M	an can act as a blind host in the follo	owing parasite :-				
	a) Trichuris trichiura.	b) Leishmania donovanii.				
	c) Fasciola hepatica.	d) Echinococcus granulosus.				
	e, raserera riepatricar	a, zemmeeeeeas granaiesasi				
5- Mic	crocytic hypochromic anaemia is a m	nanifestation of infection with:-				
	a) Trichinella spiralis.	b) Heterophyes heterophyes				
	c) Diphyllobothrium latum.	d) Ancylostoma duodenale.				
	, , ,	, ,				
6- Qı	uantitative buffy coat is used for diag	nosis of the following disease:-				
	a) Filariasis.	b) Toxoplasmosis.				
	c) Malaria.	d) Trichinellosis.				
7. R	one marrow examination may be use	ful in the diagnosis of the following				
	KCEPT:-	rui iii tile diagnosis of the following				
	a) Plasmodium falciparum.	b) Leishmania donovani.				
	c) Trypanosomes.	d) Paragonimus westermani.				
	, ,,	, 3				
8- Fr	enkel's intradermal test is commonly	-				
	a) Espundia	b) Toxoplasmosis.				
	c) Capillariasis <i>philippinensis</i>	d) Schistosomiasis.				
9- The	e following disease is transmitted by	Xenonsvella cheonis:-				
•	a) Epidemic typhus.	b) Plague				
		, 3				
	c) Trench fever.	d) Epidemic relapsing fever.				
0- Mc	odified Ziehl- Neelsen stain is used fo	or diagnosis of the following:-				
	a) Cryptosporidium species.	b) Entamoeba histolytica.				
	c) Giardia lamblia.	d) Hook worms.				

10 Marks

Best wishes

Oral and practical examination will be hold in 14/9/2015 at 9.0 a.m.

Chairman of Department Prof. Dr.

IX) Choose the correct answer:

Examination for Third Year Malaysian Students

Course Title: Medical Parasitology

Date: 12-9-2015

Term: Final Examination Time Allowed: 3 hours

Total Assessment Marks: 75 MARKS

Tanta University
Faculty of Medicine
Department of Parasitology